

Topic: Food and Farming		Phase: KS1	Strand: Victorian Farms
We are MANOR!		Victorian Farming	What should I already know?
As H Manners	Historians we will Share ideas, celebrate good work, value others' contributions, or discussions and debates.	Farming was an important part of life in Victorian times. In 1837 when Queen Victoria came to the throne, more than half the population of Great Britain worked in the countryside. Each village had a squire who was the local landowner, a tenant farmer and then the farm labourers. Even children worked hard on the farm from as young as six years old. Living conditions for Victorian farm workers were often cramped and basic.	 The names of significant individuals such as Amy Johnson the British aviator and Katherine Johnson African-American Mathematician and why they were significant individuals. How to sequence events and artefacts in order of time To describe differences between then and now To ask questions about the past using evidence. Stories about the past such as Amelia Earhart's adventure and how the Teddy Bear got its name.
Aspiration	Learn about the significance of Victorian farming techniques, inventions and technology and how these ideas impact on our lives today. Develop our own aspiration by learning about achievements in the past.		
Nurture	Recognise about mutual respect and how to acknowledge the feelings of others from the past. Learn how Victorian famers cared for others in their society.		 At the end of the unit, I will be able to: Name some tools that Victorian famers used in their jobs Investigate and place on a time line farm machinery
<mark>O</mark> pen- Mindedness	Learn about the world around us, the people, lifestyles, stories about faming in the past, see the world through sources of evidence and become independent thinkers.		 Discuss and compare faming traditions from then and now Use historical vocabulary related to Victorian farming and historical enquiry Look carefully at pictures, eye- witness accounts or
Resilience	Understand how to make connections with the past and challenge ourselves to be persistent and learn more through research investigations which stimulate and motivate us.	Victorian farms were successful until the early 1880s but then came a series of bad harvests and outbreaks of disease in their animals. It was not until the end of the 1880s that farming began to prosper again.	objects and ask questions to find information about Victorian farming.

Victorian Farming Tools Flail. This is an early Scuthe. This is a long Sickle. This is a tool Reaper. This is a implement used for handled tool with a with a semicircular machine that cuts the threshing corn. curved blade for blade for cutting stalks of corn in the the stalks of corn Threshing is the cutting the stalks of field. This is a steam process of corn in the field. in the field. powered machine that separating ears of replaced the manual corn from sickle and scythe in the Reaper the stalks that they Victorian Era. Sickle Flail Scythe grew on. Advances in Technology - Victorian farmers saw a great deal of change during the 19th Century. Tools went from being wooden implements to sturdy iron tools and mechanization dramatically reduced the workforce. lobs on the farm for children Girls as young as six Hop pickers – young children One of the coldest hardest Children were worked all day in flour were put to work to pick hops. employed as live tasks was picking turnips mills as damsels to make The hops were spiky, wet and scare crows to run up for the animals to eat. sure that arain went on covered in sticky pollen and and down the fields Turnips had to be picked the millstones and it did they made a mess of your all day chasing birds in the middle of winter hands. not run out. away so they didn't when it was freezing in the eat the seeds fields

Vocabulary					
Victorians	The Victorians were the people who lived during the reign of Queen Victoria, from the 20 June 1837 until the date of her death on the 22 January 1901	harvest	The gathering of crops.		
tool	Anything that is used to make a change to something else or to help do a job.	manual	Hard physical work.		
machine	A mechanical device that does a physical task.	artefact	Something made by humans such as a tool that give us information about the past.		
labourer	A person who does physical work.	evidence	Something that shows that something is true such as a photograph		

Victorian Farms Quiz

Use the Knowledge Organiser to answer these questions.

Question		Answer
1	When did Queen Victoria come to the throne?	
2	When did Victorian farms begin to fail?	
3	Name the machine that cuts the stalks of corn from the field	
4	Name 2 jobs that children did on the farm	
5	What is your favourite farm animal and why?	